



Safety Data Sheet dated 29/4/2022, version 1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name:

KTS FA 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

SOFRALAB

79 AV. A.A. Thévenet - CS11031 51530 MAGENTA - FRANCE

Tel: 0033 (0) 326 51 29 30 - Fax: 0033 (0)3 26 51 87 60

Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet:

lcq@sofralab.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number of the company and/or of an authorised advisory centre: ORFILA 0033 (0)1 45 42 59 59

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger, Eye Dam. 1, Causes serious eye damage.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/...

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

Special Provisions:

None

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None

2.3. Other hazards

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

Other Hazards:



No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

>= 15% - < 20% ACIDE CITRIQUE MONOHYDRATE

REACH No.: 01-2119457026-42-0008, CAS: 5949-29-1, EC: 201-069-1

3.3/2 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

>= 12.5% - < 15% ACIDE L-ASCORBIQUE

CAS: 50-81-7, EC: 200-066-2

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP).

>= 3% - < 5% ACIDE LACTIQUE

REACH No.: 01-2119474764-39-XXXX, CAS: 79-33-4, EC: 201-196-2

3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315



3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eve.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not under any circumstances induce vomiting. OBTAIN A MEDICAL EXAMINATION IMMEDIATELY.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

None



SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No occupational exposure limit available

KTSFA0000/1



DNEL Exposure Limit Values

N.À.

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

N.A.

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Use close fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

Respiratory protection:

Not needed for normal use.

Thermal Hazards:

None

Environmental exposure controls:

None

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Appearance and colour:	Solid,brown		
Odour:	N.A.		
Odour threshold:	N.A.		
pH:	3,20- 4,20		
Melting point / freezing	N.A.		
point:			
Initial boiling point and	N.A.		
boiling range:			
Flash point:	N.A.		
Evaporation rate:	N.A.		
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.		
Upper/lower flammability	N.A.		
or explosive limits:			
Vapour pressure:	N.A.		
Vapour density:	N.A.		
Relative density:	N.A.		
Solubility in water:	N.A.		
Solubility in oil:	N.A.		
Partition coefficient	N.A.		
(n-octanol/water):			
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.		
Decomposition	N.A.		
temperature:			
Viscosity:	N.A.		
Explosive properties:	N.A.		
Oxidizing properties:	N.A.		



9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes	
Miscibility:	N.A.			
Fat Solubility:	N.A.			
Conductivity:	N.A.			
Substance Groups relevant properties	N.A.			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxicological information of the product:

N.A.

Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:

ACIDE L-ASCORBIQUE - CAS: 50-81-7

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 11900 mg/kg

ACIDE LACTIQUE - CAS: 79-33-4

a) acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 7.94 mg/l - Duration: 4h

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 4875 mg/kg Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 3730 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation:

Test: Skin Irritant - Route: Skin Positive

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU)2015/830 listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation:
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- j) aspiration hazard.



SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

ACIDE L-ASCORBIQUE - CAS: 50-81-7

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: 1 Fish = 1020 mg/l - Duration h: 96

ACIDE LACTIQUE - CAS: 79-33-4

a) Aquatic acute toxicity:

Endpoint: EC50 Daphnia = 240 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: LC50 Fish = 320 mg/l - Duration h: 48

Endpoint: EC50 Algae = 3500 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

ACIDE L-ASCORBIQUE - CAS: 50-81-7

Biodegradability: 4 - Duration h: 5 jours - %: 97 Biodegradability: 4 - Duration h: 15 jours - %: 100

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

ACIDE L-ASCORBIQUE - CAS: 50-81-7

Not bioaccumulative - Notes: log Kow -2,15 (23 °C)

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

12.6. Other adverse effects

None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

N.A.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

N.A.

14.4. Packing group

N.A.

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR-Enviromental Pollutant: No IMDG-Marine pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

N.A

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code N A

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

KTSFA0000/1



Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) 2015/830

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EO) 11. 2019/321 (ATP 12 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product:

No restriction.

Restrictions related to the substances contained:

No restriction.

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions:

Directive 2012/18/EU (Seveso III)

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (detergents).

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1

None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	3.3/2	Eye irritation, Category 2

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Eve Dam. 1. H318	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.



Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical

Society).

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of

Chemicals.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport

Association" (IATA).

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"

(ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.

KSt: Explosion coefficient.

LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.

LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods

by Rail.

STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA: Time-weighted average
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.