

GELISOL®

Moderately-hydrolysed gelatine with a molecular structure characterised by rather long chains.





Clarification of musts

Moderately-hydrolysed gelatine in solution or in powder form

Fining of wines



OENOLOGICAL GOALS

- Gelatine selected and processed to be highly stable and pure.
- In white and rosé must: static clarification or flotation.
- In wine: improves roundness, eliminates hard tannins and enhances finesse and fruity aromas.
- Gelatine solution at 100g/L.
- Can also be combined with a fining agent: chestnut tannin (TANIXEL®), gallnut tannin (TANIGAL®) or silica sol (SILISOL®).
- The combination of GELISOL® and SILISOL® enables most white or rosé wines to be clarified (even those considered difficult).



DOSAGE

4 to 15 cL/hL in must, combined with SILISOL® (4 cL/hL to 10 cL/hL) or ELECTRA® (40 g/hL to 100 g/hL).

2 to 5 cL/hL in white wine, combined with SILISOL® (4 cL/hL to 10 cL /hL) or 4 g/hL to 8 g/hL tannin. Up to 15 cL/hL in red wine.



PACKAGING







STORAGE

Store unopened, sealed packages away from light in a dry, odour-free environment. Do not allow to freeze.
Once opened, use up rapidly.

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CLARIFICATION OF WHITE AND ROSÉ MUST:

Use enzymes (VIAZYM® CLARIF PLUS or VIAZYM® CLARIF EXTREM) in the must beforehand (added to the press or at the press outlet).



FLOTATION:

Wait at least 2 hours between the addition of the depectinisation enzyme and the start of flotation. Pectin tests are recommended to check the total depectinisation of the must.

HOW TO PERFORM A PECTIN TEST

In a test tube, take 5 mL of the must to be tested and then 10 mL of the previously acidified 90° alcohol solution. Close the tube with plastic film. Turn the tube 3 to 4 times without shaking it to homogenise, and wait 10 to 15 minutes before observing the results.

HOW TO INTERPRET THE RESULTS

1 Must with pectin



2
Partially
depectinised
must
due to
insufficient
enzyme intake
or too-short
contact time



3
Depectinised
must –
the enzyme
has fulfilled its
role



For optimum results use SILISOL® and/or ELECTRA® in must; and to avoid over-fining use TANIGAL® or TANIXEL®.

STATIC CLARIFICATION:

- 1) Dilute the required amount of SILISOL® or ELECTRA® bentonite in 10 times its volume of water.
- 2) Incorporate into the must to be treated while pumping over.
- 3) Then, in a similar way, fine with **GELISOL®** previously diluted in cold water.

CLARIFICATION BY FLOTATION:

- Add VIAZYM® CLARIF PLUS or VIAZYM® CLARIF EXTREM to the grapes in the press.
- Add **GELISOL®** when filling the tank using a dosing pump or a DOSACOL (fining connector).
- Simultaneously incorporate **ELECTRA®** and, if applicable, **SILISOL®**.





INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

USE OF GELISOL® IN COMBINATION:



SILISOL®

Dilute the necessary quantity of **SILISOL®** in 10 times its volume of wine. Incorporate it in the wine to be treated while pumping over.

Then, in a similar way, fine with **GELISOL®** previously diluted in cold water.

Flocculation is fast. Perfect sedimentation of the lees can be achieved after leaving to stand for a week.



TANINS: TANIGAL or TANIXEL®

With low-tannin white and rosé wines, the addition of tannins is strongly recommended. Recommended dose:

- 1g TANIXEL® or 2g TANIGAL for 1cL GELISOL®.
- It is imperative to incorporate the tannin the day before fining.

USING GELISOL® BY ITSELF:

Incorporate **GELISOL**® directly into the wine to be treated while pumping-over.

In all cases, the use of a dosing pump or a Dosacol (fining connector) is strongly recommended in order to achieve good homogeneity.

Precautions for use:

Product for oenological and specifically professional use. Use in accordance with current regulations.

